On the Efficacy of Knowledge Distillation - Supplementary Materials

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Student: WRN16-1							
Teacher	# params	Mode	Teacher Error (%)	Student Error (%)			
-	-	60/200	-	8.751 ± 0.129			
DN40-24	0.69 M		5.419	8.350 ± 0.195			
DN100-12	0.77 M	60/200	4.974	8.297 ± 0.069			
DN40-48	2.73 M		4.667	8.370 ± 0.212			
DN100-24	3.02 M		4.272	8.763 ± 0.178			
DN40-24	0.69 M		6.823	8.045 ± 0.092			
DN100-12	0.77 M	15/50	6.615	7.915 ± 0.120			
DN40-48	2.73 M	15/50	5.666	$\textbf{7.854} \pm \textbf{0.127}$			
DN100-24	3.02 M		5.435	8.016 ± 0.223			

Table 1. WideResNet16-1 trained with different DenseNet teachers. First number next to "DN" indicates depth, followed by growth factor (consistent with the original paper). Top-row shows the result of WideResNet16-1 trained from scratch. In all cases, student trained with early-stopped DeseNet teacher performs better by large margin.

1. More Results on CIFAR10

Here we report more results and details of experiments in our work. Consistent with the main paper, "WRN" and "DN" stand for WideResNet and DenseNet, respectively. Table 7 and 8 show the efficacy of early-stopped teachers for student network WideResNet16-1 and WideResNet28-1 trained from teachers with varying width factor. As stated in the main paper, the number of total epochs $N \in$ {35, 50, 65, 80, 200} and learning rate decay step size $k \in$ {10, 15, 20, 25, 60} were considered in this experiment. Table 9 shows that our conclusions are consistent with different knowledge distillation method such as attention transfer ("AT+KD"). Table 1, 2, 3, and 6 show different experiment settings (different student-teacher pairs, learning method, etc.)

2. Details on ImageNet Experiments

Here we report more details of ImageNet experiments. Figure 1 are comparisons of different student accuracy plots, showing the harming effect of distillation. Table 4 shows the fully-trained and early-stopped models used as a teacher for ImageNet experiments. Bharath Hariharan Cornell University

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Student: DN40-12							
Teacher	# params	Mode	Teacher Error (%)	Student Error (%)			
-	-	60/200	-	7.268 ± 0.148			
DN40-12	0.18 M	60/200	7.169	6.821 ± 0.226			
DN40-24	0.69 M		5.419	6.964 ± 0.139			
DN100-12	0.77 M	60/200	4.974	6.847 ± 0.278			
DN40-48	2.73 M		4.667	7.266 ± 0.359 *			
DN100-24	3.02 M		4.272	7.507 \pm 0.204 *			
DN40-24	0.69 M		6.823	6.981 ± 0.112			
DN100-12	0.77 M	15/50	6.615	$\textbf{6.645} \pm \textbf{0.089}$			
DN40-48	2.73 M	15/50	5.666	6.679 ± 0.123			
DN100-24	3.02 M		5.435	6.721 ± 0.298			

Table 2. DenseNet40-12 trained with different DenseNet teachers. First number next to "DN" indicates depth, followed by growth factor (consistent with the original paper). Top-row shows the result of DenseNet40-12 trained from scratch. In all cases student trained with early-stopped DeseNet teacher performs better by large margin. Numbers with * indicate that the students failed to achieve the same accuracy of student trained from scratch.

Student	Teacher	Schedule Type	Error (%)
WRN16-1	WRN16-8 WRN16-8 (20/65) WRN100-1 WRN100-1 (20/65)	Cosine Cosine Cosine Cosine	$\begin{array}{c} 7.945 \pm 0.127 \\ \textbf{7.781} \pm \textbf{0.201} \\ 8.524 \pm 0.182 \\ \textbf{8.191} \pm \textbf{0.104} \end{array}$

Table 3. CIFAR10 results of knowledge distillation with a different learning rate decaying schedule, "Cosine" scheduling. Student trained with early-stopped teacher performed better.

Model	# params	Top 1 Error (%)	Top 5 Error (%)
ResNet18	11.69 M	30.24	10.92
ResNet34	21.79 M	26.70	8.58
ResNet34 (50)	21.79 M	27.72	9.10
ResNet50	25.56 M	23.85	7.13
ResNet50 (35)	25.56 M	27.01	8.75
ResNet152	60.19 M	21.69	6.03
ResNet152 (35)	60.19 M	23.58	7.03

Table 4. Details of models trained from scratch that are used as teachers for ImageNet experiments in the main paper. Models with a number inside parentheses are early-stopped.

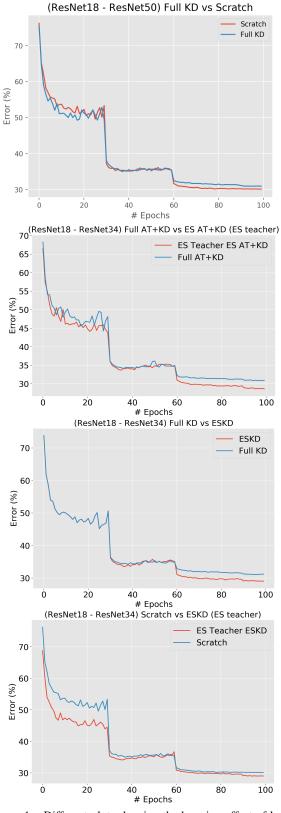


Figure 1. Different plots showing the harming effect of knowledge distillation when student capacity is limited, and how earlystopping mitigates the effect.

Student: WRN16-1							
Teacher	# params	Mode	Teacher Error (%)	Student Error (%)			
-	60/200 -		-	8.751 ± 0.129			
WRN40-1	0.56M		6.517	8.324 ± 0.111			
WRN52-1	0.76 M	60/200	6.042	8.481 ± 0.198			
WRN64-1	0.95 M		6.032	8.573 ± 0.158			
WRN76-1	1.15 M		5.864	8.666 ± 0.121			
WRN88-1	1.34 M		5.686	8.811 ± 0.153			
WRN100-1	1.54 M		5.568	8.484 ± 0.182			
WRN154-1	2.41 M		5.478	8.546 ± 0.181			
WRN250-1	3.97 M		5.271	8.787 ± 0.173			
WRN100-1	1.54 M		7.526	$\textbf{8.192} \pm \textbf{0.198}$			
WRN154-1	2.41 M	15/50	7.318	8.227 ± 0.212			
WRN250-1	3.97 M		6.893	8.263 ± 0.234			

Table 5. WideResNet16-1 trained with teachers varying depth factor. All students trained with early-stopped teacher performed better than any of students trained from fully-trained teacher by large margin. Among ones with fully-trained teachers, larger models did not make better student. All results are consistent with our conclusions. Note that WideResNet with width factor 1 is equivalent to Pre-Activated ResNet.

Student: DN40-12							
Teacher	# params	Mode	Teacher Error (%)	Student Error (%)			
-	-	60/200	-	7.268 ± 0.148			
WRN40-1	0.56M		6.517	7.389 ± 0.244			
WRN52-1	0.76 M		6.042	7.640 ± 0.204			
WRN64-1	0.95 M	60/200	6.032	7.600 ± 0.247			
WRN76-1	1.15 M		5.864	7.407 ± 0.137			
WRN88-1	1.34 M		5.686	7.642 ± 0.131			
WRN100-1	1.54 M		5.568	7.693 ± 0.134			
WRN154-1	2.41 M		5.478	7.780 ± 0.299			
WRN250-1	3.97 M		5.271	7.711 ± 0.152			
WRN100-1	1.54 M		7.526	$\textbf{7.025} \pm \textbf{0.182}$			
WRN154-1	2.41 M	15/50	7.318	7.169 ± 0.161			
WRN250-1	3.97 M		6.893	7.488 ± 0.291			

Table 6. DenseNet40-12 trained with WideResNet teachers varying depth factor. All students trained with early-stopped teacher performed better than any of students trained from fully-trained teacher by large margin. Among ones with fully-trained teachers, larger models did not make better student. All results are consistent with our conclusions. Note that WideResNet with width factor 1 is equivalent to Pre-Activated ResNet.

Student: WRN16-1							
Teacher	# params	Mode	Teacher Error (%)	Student Error (%)			
WRN16-1	0.17M	60/200	8.751	8.182 ± 0.250			
WRN16-2	0.69M	60/200	6.269	7.610 ± 0.222			
		60/200	5.340	7.681 ± 0.259			
		25/80	6.289	7.517 ± 0.212			
WRN16-3	1.55M	20/65	6.507	$\textbf{7.498} \pm \textbf{0.201}$			
		15/50	6.734	7.788 ± 0.112			
		10/35	7.416	8.093 ± 0.119			
		60/200	4.964	7.733 ± 0.186			
	2.74M	25/80	5.666	7.658 ± 0.062			
WRN16-4		20/65	5.963	$\textbf{7.612} \pm \textbf{0.112}$			
		15/50	6.358	7.788 ± 0.112			
		10/35	7.130	8.093 ± 0.119			
		60/200	4.529	7.929 ± 0.071			
		25/80	5.261	7.687 ± 0.157			
WRN16-6	6.17M	20/65	5.498	$\textbf{7.594} \pm \textbf{0.173}$			
		15/50	5.893	7.685 ± 0.163			
		10/35	6.635	7.751 ± 0.157			
		60/200	4.410	8.028 ± 0.136			
		25/80	4.984	7.642 ± 0.163			
WRN16-8	10.96M	20/65	5.270	$\textbf{7.482} \pm \textbf{0.041}$			
		15/50	5.498	7.596 ± 0.089			
		10/35	6.240	7.784 ± 0.223			

Table 7. WideResNet16-1 trained with different teachers, and each teacher we performed different "shrinking" of the learning schedule. Step size $k \in \{10, 15, 20, 25, 60\}$ and total number of epoch $N \in \{35, 50, 65, 80, 200\}$ were considered. For kinds of teacher network, students trained with any of the early-stopped teachers outperforms the model trained with fully-trained teacher.

Student: WRN28-1							
Teacher	# params	Mode	Teacher Error (%)	Student Error (%)			
WRN28-1	0.36M	60/200	7.101	7.101 ± 0.072			
WRN28-2	1.46M	60/200	5.201	6.973 ± 0.130			
		60/200	4.687	6.952 ± 0.138			
		25/80	5.369	6.702 ± 0.159			
WRN28-3	3.29M	20/65	5.696	$\textbf{6.621} \pm \textbf{0.066}$			
		15/50	6.180	6.544 ± 0.262			
		10/35	6.962	6.807 ± 0.076			
		60/200	4.509	7.118 ± 0.198			
	5.84M	25/80	4.994	6.768 ± 0.099			
WRN28-4		20/65	5.201	6.772 ± 0.060			
		15/50	5.824	$\textbf{6.610} \pm \textbf{0.330}$			
		10/35	6.526	6.718 ± 0.063			
		60/200	4.104	7.070 ± 0.159			
		25/80	4.608	$6.869 {\pm}~0.152$			
WRN28-6	13.14M	20/65	4.865	6.920 ± 0.114			
		15/50	5.330	6.720 ± 0.060			
		10/35	5.992	$\textbf{6.710} \pm \textbf{0.241}$			
		60/200	4.064	7.227 ± 0.149			
		25/80	4.578	6.819 ± 0.155			
WRN28-8	23.25M	20/65	4.657	$6.817 {\pm}~0.117$			
		15/50	5.092	$\textbf{6.748} \pm \textbf{0.118}$			
		10/35	6.022	6.795 ± 0.123			

Table 8. WideResNet28-1 trained with different teachers, and each teacher we performed different "shrinking" of the learning schedule. Step size $k \in \{10, 15, 20, 25, 60\}$ and total number of epoch $N \in \{35, 50, 65, 80, 200\}$ were considered. For kinds of teacher network, students trained with any of the early-stopped teachers outperforms the model trained with fully-trained teacher.

Student	# params	Error (%)	Teacher	# params	Teacher Error (%)	Method	Student Error (%)
			WRN16-1	0.17M	8.751	KD	8.182 ± 0.250
			WRN16-2	0.69M	6.269	KD	$\textbf{7.610} \pm \textbf{0.222}$
WRN16-1	0.17M	8.751	WRN16-3	1.55M	5.340	KD	7.681 ± 0.259
WKIN10-1	0.171	8.731	WRN16-4	2.74M	4.964	KD	7.733 ± 0.186
			WRN16-6	6.17M	4.529	KD	7.929 ± 0.071
			WRN16-8	10.96M	4.410	KD	8.028 ± 0.136
			WRN16-2	0.69M	6.269	AT+KD	$\textbf{7.498} \pm \textbf{0.062}$
			WRN16-3	1.55M	5.340	AT+KD	7.551 ± 0.130
WRN16-1	0.17M	8.751	WRN16-4	2.74M	4.964	AT+KD	7.656 ± 0.131
			WRN16-6	6.17M	4.529	AT+KD	7.668 ± 0.139
			WRN16-8	10.96M	4.410	AT+KD	7.794 ± 0.203
			WRN16-3 (20/65)	1.55M	6.507	AT+KD	7.498 ± 0.201
WRN16-1	0.1714	'M 8.751	WRN16-4 (20/65)	2.74M	5.963	AT+KD	7.585 ± 0.165
WKINIO-I	0.17M		WRN16-6 (20/65)	6.17M	5.498	AT+KD	$\textbf{7.484} \pm \textbf{0.223}$
			WRN16-8 (20/65)	10.96M	5.270	AT+KD	7.494 ± 0.165
			WRN28-1	0.36M	7.101	KD	7.101 ± 0.072
			WRN28-2	1.46M	5.201	KD	6.973 ± 0.130
WRN28-1	0.26M).36M 7.101	WRN28-3	3.29M	4.687	KD	$\textbf{6.952} \pm \textbf{0.138}$
W KIN20-1	0.300		WRN28-4	5.84M	4.509	KD	7.118 ± 0.198
			WRN28-6	13.14M	4.104	KD	7.070 ± 0.159
			WRN28-8	23.35M	4.064	KD	7.227 ± 0.149
			WRN28-2	1.46M	5.201	AT+KD	6.538 ± 0.185
			WRN28-3	3.29M	4.687	AT+KD	6.526 ± 0.121
WRN28-1	0.36M	7.101	WRN28-4	5.84M	4.509	AT+KD	6.657 ± 0.118
			WRN28-6	13.14M	4.104	AT+KD	$\textbf{6.443} \pm \textbf{0.092}$
			WRN28-8	23.35M	4.064	AT+KD	6.487 ± 0.222
			WRN28-3 (15/50)	3.29M	6.180	AT+KD	6.410 ± 0.162
WRN28-1	0.36M	7.101	WRN28-4 (15/50)	5.84M	5.824	AT+KD	6.429 ± 0.090
WIN1020-1	0.50101	7.101	WRN28-6 (15/50)	13.14M	5.330	AT+KD	$\textbf{6.358} \pm \textbf{0.168}$
			WRN28-8 (15/50)	23.35M	5.092	AT+KD	6.402 ± 0.107

Table 9. WideResNet16-1 and WideResNet28-1 trained with teachers of increasing width. Attention transfer method was also explored. Teachers with (k/N) indicate early-stopped (step size/ total epochs). Our conclusions are consistent with different method such as attention transfer.

Student	# params	Error (%)	Teacher	# params	Teacher Error (%)	Method	Student Error (%)
WRN28-1	0.36M	7.101	WRN16-4 WRN16-4 (20/65) WRN16-4	2.74M	4.964 5.963 4.964	KD KD AT+KD	$\begin{array}{c} 6.518 \pm 0.204 \\ \textbf{6.483} \pm \textbf{0.173} \\ 6.357 \pm 0.086 \end{array}$
WRN28-1	0.36M	7.101	WRN16-4 (20/65) WRN16-6 WRN16-6 (20/65) WRN16-6 WRN16 6 (20/65)	6.17M	5.963 4.529 5.498 4.529 5.498	AT+KD KD KD AT+KD AT+KD	$\begin{array}{r} \textbf{6.253} \pm \textbf{0.177} \\ \hline \textbf{6.613} \pm \textbf{0.227} \\ \textbf{6.230} \pm \textbf{0.069} \\ \hline \textbf{6.253} \pm \textbf{0.278} \\ \textbf{6.133} + \textbf{0.113} \end{array}$
WRN28-1	0.36M	7.101	WRN16-6 (20/65) WRN16-11 WRN16-11 (20/65) WRN16-11 WRN16-11 (20/65)	20.70M	4.193 5.033 4.193 5.033	KD KD AT+KD AT+KD	6.774 ± 0.111 6.281 ± 0.184 6.360 ± 0.109 6.202 ± 0.172

Table 10. WideResNet28-1 student trained with even shallower teachers (WideResNet16-x) on CIFAR10. Consistent with our conclusions, early-stopped teachers produce better student. The teachers are chosen to be compared to WRN28-3, WRN28-4, and WRN28-8 in terms of the number of the parameters.