

Supplementary Material: Continual Test-time Domain Adaptation via Dynamic Sample Selection

1. Experiments

1.1. Imagenet-R experiment

ImageNet-R [2] encompasses a diverse array of shifts of ImageNet classes. These shifts include cartoons, deviant art, graffiti, embroidery, graphics, origami, paintings, patterns, plastic objects, plush objects, sculptures, sketches, tattoos, toys, and video games. The dataset comprises 200 classes and a total of 30,000 images. Here, we show the CTDA performance result of our DSS method and other baseline approaches, and experiments are conducted using the standard ResNet-50 model, pretrained on ImageNet through cross-entropy loss. In general, all baseline methods show a certain performance improvement compared to direct testing using the source model. The performance of Tent, Conjugate PL, and CoTTA methods showcases a degree of similarity, while the BN method slightly lags behind. Notably, our proposed DSS method achieves the lowest error rate of 56%.

| Method | Error |
|------------------|-------------|
| Source | 63.8 |
| TENT-cont [6] | 57.3 |
| BN Adapt [3] | 60.3 |
| Conjugate PL [1] | 57.3 |
| CoTTA [7] | 57.4 |
| DSS (Ours) | 56.0 |

Table 1. Classification error rate (%) on ImageNet-R [2]. The best numbers are in bold.

1.2. Modelnet40-C experiment

ModelNet40-C [5] is a benchmark for assessing the robustness of our proposed method on 3D point cloud data. In this setting, 15 different forms of corruption are introduced to the original test dataset of ModelNet40 [8]. For 3D experiments, random rotation and translation are used in the augmentation module to generate augmentation-weighted pseudo-labels. As shown in Table 2, all methods reduce error by a certain amount and DSS has the lowest error rate in average.

References

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| Method | uniform | gaussian | background | impulse | upsampling | rbf | rbf-inv | den-dec | dens-inc | shear | rot | cut | distort | oclsion | lidar | Mean |
|---------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Source | 14.7 | 18.8 | 95.3 | 33.3 | 15.0 | 29.5 | 27.6 | 12.9 | 10.5 | 42.7 | 72.8 | 14.9 | 34.8 | 56.3 | 59.0 | 35.9 |
| TENT-cont [6] | 15.3 | 15.6 | 92.1 | 26.6 | 17.5 | 26.5 | 25.1 | 16.0 | 13.0 | 37.7 | 58.7 | 17.1 | 32.6 | 54.1 | 56.9 | 33.7 |
| CoTTA [7] | 14.3 | 17.4 | 90.9 | 25.5 | 14.4 | 27.1 | 26.1 | 13.4 | 12.2 | 38.4 | 63.7 | 15.2 | 32.5 | 56.1 | 56.6 | 33.6 |
| DSS | 14.2 | 17.7 | 89.5 | 25.0 | 13.9 | 26.7 | 25.4 | 13.7 | 12.5 | 37.4 | 63.6 | 15.4 | 32.3 | 54.7 | 58.1 | 33.2 |

Table 2. Classification error rate (%) on ModelNet40-C. PointNet [4] is adopted as the backbone. The best numbers are in bold.