

# Recognizing Unseen States of Unknown Objects by Leveraging Knowledge Graphs -Supplementary Material-

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## 1. Datasets Details

**Table 1** presents the following details for each dataset: i) the number of the training, validation and test samples; ii) the number of state and object classes; iii) the valid and iv) the total object-state combinations and v) the average number of states in which an object can be situated.

## 2. Evaluation of the CW and OW versions

The results for the Open World (OW) and Closed World (CW) versions of the models are shown in **Table 2** and **Table 3**, respectively. For the OW settings our method continues to outperform the competing methods, although the performance gain has predictably been decreased. Moreover, w.r.t OSDD dataset, the 2nd best method is IVR [14], whereas CANET [12] is the 3rd best method. In the case of the CGQA-States dataset, the 2nd and 3rd best method is IVR [14] and CANET [12], respectively. Concerning the MIT-States dataset the 2nd best method is the IVR [14], whereas KG-SP [4] exhibits the 3rd best AUC score and CANET [12] the 3rd best HM score. Finally, in the case of the VAW dataset, the 2nd best performance is achieved by CANET [12], while IVR [14] ranks 3rd.

Regarding the CW settings, our method ranks 1st for the OSDD, VAW and MIT-states datasets and 4th for the CGQA-states dataset. Regarding the OSDD dataset, IVR [14] exhibits the 2nd best performance and KG-SP [4] the 3rd best performance. In the case of MIT-States dataset, CompCos [7] achieves the 2nd best performance and ADE [2] the 3rd best performance. Concerning the CGQA-states dataset, the best performance is achieved by CANET [12], the 2nd best by CompCos [7] and the 3rd best by OADiS [13]. Finally, regarding VAW, the 2nd best method is ADE [2] and the 3rd best method is CANET [12].

## 3. Additional Results of the Ablation Study

**Table 4** outlines the details of the employed KGs, while **Table 5** summarizes the performance of all ablated models across the four datasets.

1st Sub-table (GNN Architectures): The Tr-GCN-based model CN+WN\_H2.TH.GCN demonstrates the best overall performance.

2nd Sub-table (KGs): The ConceptNet-based model CN\_H2.TH.Tr-GCN achieves the highest scores.

3rd Sub-table (Hops): Most models achieve their best performance with two hops.

4th Sub-table (Node Policy): Adopting a node policy slightly improves the performance of most models.

Notably, while CN\_H2.TH.Tr-GCN achieves the best scores on two of the three datasets, CN+WN\_H2.TH.GCN was selected for comparison with competing methods, as this selection was based on aggregate averages across all four categories.

In seen classes, the model using unrelated embeddings (CN\_H3.UN.Tr-GCN) achieves similar accuracy to its counterpart with standard embeddings (CN\_H3.Tr-GCN). However, CN\_H3.UN.Tr-GCN performs significantly worse in unseen classes, with its HM and AUC scores being three to four times lower than those of CN\_H3.Tr-GCN. In contrast, the random model performs poorly across all metrics.

The key distinction between CN\_H3.UN.Tr-GCN and the random model lies in their embedding distributions: in the former, the GNN enables a balanced and representative distribution, while in the latter, the distribution is entirely random. This suggests that fine-tuning can yield competitive accuracy for seen classes even when embeddings are unrelated to target labels, provided they are distributed effectively. However, for unseen classes, accuracy depends on a precise mapping between embeddings and target labels.

Dataset	Train	Val	Test	States	Objects	VOSC	TOSC	S\O
OSDD [1]	6,977	1,124	5,275	9	14	35	126	2.36
CGQA-states [7]	244	46	806	5	17	41	75	1.71
MIT-states [3]	170	34	274	5	14	20	70	1.57
VAW [10]	2,752	516	1,584	9	23	51	207	2.61

Table 1. Details about the four image datasets utilized in this work. Train/Val/Test: Number of Training/Validation/Testing Images. States: Number of State classes, Objects: Number of Object classes. VOSC/TOSC: Valid/Total Object-State combinations. S\O: Average number of states than an Object can be situated in.

Method	OSDD				CGQA-States				MIT-States				VAW			
	S	Un	HM	AUC	S	Un	HM	AUC	S	Un	HM	AUC	S	Un	HM	AUC
AoP [9]	69.9	33.3	31.6	13.3	14.5	4.3	4.4	0.3	36.4	4.8	8.4	1.3	59.6	5.4	6.1	1.3
LE+ [8]	71.6	14.3	20.8	6.5	29.1	4.0	7.0	0.6	45.5	14.9	15.1	4.3	23.7	12.3	13.7	0.4
TMN [11]	73.4	43.6	33.7	19.0	45.5	29.7	19.3	6.1	69.7	18.4	22.4	6.3	77.6	35.5	26.8	14.3
SymNet [6]	77.7	14.0	21.1	7.5	94.0	7.1	13.7	6.1	97.0	1.9	2.1	0.9	82.2	3.1	3.5	1.2
CompCos [7]	78.7	31.5	42.0	22.1	95.5	4.0	7.7	3.4	75.8	2.5	4.9	1.2	75.8	2.5	4.9	1.2
KG-SP [4]	77.0	29.8	35.4	17.9	94.0	16.9	26.1	12.7	97.0	15.5	22.6	12.0	74.3	12.3	17.6	8.6
SCEN-NET [5]	75.8	25.5	26.3	10.7	83.6	7.4	13.6	5.9	36.4	8.5	13.0	1.6	22.0	12.0	11.1	2.5
IVR [14]	78.8	61.6	<b>44.2</b>	<b>30.8</b>	94.0	40.3	<b>37.4</b>	<b>26.4</b>	96.9	22.5	<b>24.5</b>	<b>14.9</b>	87.2	37.4	<u>29.7</u>	<u>18.2</u>
OADiS [13]	76.5	20.5	27.1	10.7	94.8	26.3	20.3	12.0	93.9	29.1	23.4	<u>12.5</u>	82.8	8.9	11.0	4.2
CANET [12]	79.2	43.9	<u>43.7</u>	<u>27.2</u>	95.5	51.3	<u>41.9</u>	<u>26.1</u>	96.9	19.3	<u>22.7</u>	11.4	90.1	53.9	<b>40.4</b>	<b>29.7</b>
ADE [2]	80.2	27.6	32.3	12.3	95.5	16.3	25.7	12.8	78.8	4.5	4.7	0.8	80.8	22.3	14.3	8.4
OaSC (Ours)	87.7	69.9	<b>48.6</b>	<b>39.8</b>	97.1	73.4	<b>43.6</b>	<b>36.5</b>	85.7	69.9	<b>51.1</b>	<b>41.2</b>	83.7	58.6	<b>42.9</b>	<b>32.8</b>

Table 2. Aggregate results for Open World Versions. S: Best Accuracy on seen classes. UN: Best accuracy on unseen classes. HM: Best harmonic mean. AUC: Area under curve for the pairs of accuracy for seen and unseen classes. Red/Bold/Underlined text indicates best/2nd best/3rd best performance.

Method	OSDD				CGQA-States				MIT-States				VAW			
	S	UN	HM	AUC	S	UN	HM	AUC	S	UN	HM	AUC	S	UN	HM	AUC
AoP [9]	75.9	53.5	32.2	19.5	95.5	50.0	35.9	27.8	48.5	20.9	15.1	4.1	55.1	44.7	24.1	11.6
LE+ [8]	68.6	31.7	34.5	16.9	93.5	16.1	16.1	8.1	63.6	14.6	20.3	7.1	41.6	2.3	2.6	1.2
TMN [11]	71.5	49.8	35.0	20.8	97.0	76.0	39.9	32.2	84.9	30.7	27.4	16.1	82.6	55.5	37.3	25.6
SymNet [6]	77.7	59.4	44.2	<u>31.0</u>	95.5	27.4	39.4	24.4	96.9	27.5	26.8	15.7	89.2	46.6	40.0	27.4
CompCos [7]	76.3	45.3	38.7	23.8	92.5	73.9	<b>48.1</b>	<b>41.5</b>	100.0	44.9	<b>32.3</b>	<b>23.8</b>	88.4	51.4	39.3	29.1
KG-SP [4]	78.0	55.0	<b>47.6</b>	29.7	95.5	17.7	27.2	13.5	97.1	15.5	22.6	12.0	89.4	37.3	39.3	23.4
SCEN-NET [5]	75.1	45.6	39.4	22.7	94.1	53.4	41.1	31.0	84.9	23.1	22.1	11.5	90.5	44.2	37.7	23.5
IVR [14]	78.4	60.5	<u>46.0</u>	<b>31.8</b>	94.0	43.4	35.2	25.2	87.9	28.8	27.1	14.0	86.7	38.2	30.5	18.5
OADiS [13]	78.7	59.7	38.3	26.2	95.5	78.6	43.5	<u>36.7</u>	93.9	29.4	28.3	17.2	89.9	61.8	39.8	<u>30.5</u>
CANET [12]	80.3	43.6	45.1	27.9	95.5	64.9	<b>50.0</b>	<b>43.3</b>	96.9	23.0	28.2	15.9	90.3	54.6	<u>40.8</u>	<u>30.5</u>
ADE [2]	82.0	42.5	35.9	20.6	94.8	58.3	<u>45.5</u>	34.9	93.9	27.5	<u>30.4</u>	<u>19.2</u>	90.7	45.0	<b>40.9</b>	<b>30.6</b>
OaSC (Ours)	87.7	69.9	<b>48.6</b>	<b>39.8</b>	97.1	73.4	43.6	36.5	85.7	69.9	<b>51.1</b>	<b>41.2</b>	83.7	58.6	<b>42.9</b>	<b>32.8</b>

Table 3. Aggregate results for Closed World Versions. S: Best Accuracy on seen classes. UN: Best accuracy on unseen classes. HM: Best harmonic mean. AUC: Area under curve for the pairs of accuracy for seen and unseen classes. Red/Bold/Underlined text indicates best/2nd best/3rd best performance.

KG	N	E	RT	RC
WN_H2	70 / 54 / 49 / 79	321 / 223 / 105 / 365	5	LX
WN_H3	429 / 311 / 295 / 465	873 / 680 / 655 / 912	5	LX
CN_H2	715 / 552 / 504 / 743 /	2,132 / 1,981 / 1,864 / 2,342	13	CS
CN_H3	2,139 / 1,872 / 1,788 / 2,349 /	2,542 / 2,194 / 2,103 / 2,874	24	CS
CN_H2_TH	611 / 505 / 485 / 785	1,710 / 1,521 / 1,415 / 1,956	12	CS
CN_H3_TH	12,733 / 9,839 / 9,212 / 13,045	29,794 / 25,105 / 24,292 / 32,456	29	CS
CN+WN_H2	667 / 581 / 506 / 845	1,906 / 1,682 / 1,602 / 2,136	13	CS
CN+WN_H2_TH	590 / 492 / 431 / 705	1,442 / 1,167 / 1,089 / 1,673	12	CS/LX
CN+WN_H3_TH	10,165 / 8,842 / 7,948 / 12,116	26,735 / 23,176 / 22,602 / 29,672	29	CS/LX

Table 4. KGs Details. N: Number of Nodes. E: Number of Edges. RT: Number of Different Relation Types between nodes. RC: Category of Relation Types. CS: Common-Sense. LX: Lexicographic. First/Second/Third/Fourth number in the N and E columns refers to the KG for OSDD/CGQA-States/MIT-States/ VAW dataset, respectively.

Method	OSDD				CGQA-States				MIT-States				VAW			
	S	Un	HM	AUC	S	UN	HM	AUC	S	UN	HM	AUC	S	UN	HM	AUC
CN_H3_LSTM	85.1	38.0	38.0	24.3	96.4	57.1	37.3	27.0	92.9	65.4	50.9	36.9	55.7	43.9	22.1	12.5
CN_H3_GCN	86.7	58.5	<b>44.1</b>	<b>34.0</b>	95.7	62.5	40.0	28.7	88.1	66.7	47.1	32.2	70.3	49.5	30.2	20.8
CN_H3_R-GCN	87.7	49.0	42.7	30.4	95.7	71.4	<b>40.9</b>	<b>34.0</b>	78.6	73.4	47.4	32.9	79.5	57.5	38.9	28.8
CN_H3_Tr-GCN	87.4	42.2	40.2	27.7	93.6	56.3	39.2	28.8	88.1	67.0	<b>53.6</b>	<b>43.7</b>	80.2	56.8	<b>40.7</b>	<b>29.9</b>
WN_H3_LSTM	86.0	60.0	<b>43.3</b>	<b>33.9</b>	96.4	13.4	16.6	8.7	90.5	24.4	24.2	13.2	37.4	55.6	18.1	10.2
WN_H3_GCN	86.8	39.5	36.7	21.2	86.4	49.0	34.2	24.1	88.1	54.8	<b>50.1</b>	<b>37.9</b>	64.2	38.3	24.4	19.4
WN_H3_R-GCN	85.5	36.0	36.5	22.1	93.6	52.9	<b>40.5</b>	<b>28.9</b>	78.6	47.4	42.9	21.4	69.7	56.0	38.9	28.8
WN_H3_Tr-GCN	89.2	48.4	36.6	23.9	86.4	56.6	37.6	26.6	88.1	44.2	37.3	25.9	65.0	54.5	<b>31.8</b>	<b>21.3</b>
CN_H2_TH_LSTM	86.5	50.0	43.0	28.8	97.1	71.7	38.8	31.9	78.6	60.3	47.8	26.0	61.0	52.6	27.9	17.9
CN_H2_TH_GCN	84.6	52.8	43.7	30.7	95.7	67.5	40.5	32.0	85.7	73.1	46.6	29.4	74.3	48.3	36.4	27.4
CN_H2_TH_R-GCN	85.9	48.0	41.2	28.5	95.0	63.6	41.6	31.6	81.0	69.2	51.8	30.0	82.4	57.6	40.5	31.5
CN_H2_TH_Tr-GCN	85.7	63.7	<b>45.6</b>	<b>34.5</b>	97.1	70.0	<b>43.5</b>	<b>35.6</b>	85.7	70.2	<b>51.6</b>	<b>40.5</b>	82.4	59.4	<b>38.0</b>	<b>32.6</b>
WN_H2_Tr-GCN	87.9	23.0	28.6	13.0	92.9	53.8	<b>38.2</b>	<b>28.1</b>	83.3	45.8	<b>39.7</b>	<b>27.3</b>	69.7	45.8	30.5	18.3
WN_H3_Tr-GCN	89.2	48.4	<b>36.6</b>	<b>23.9</b>	86.4	56.6	37.6	26.6	88.1	44.2	37.3	25.9	65.0	54.5	<b>31.8</b>	<b>21.3</b>
CN_H2_Tr-GCN	86.4	60.6	<b>45.1</b>	<b>34.3</b>	97.1	73.4	<b>46.3</b>	<b>39.5</b>	88.1	69.6	<b>56.2</b>	<b>43.5</b>	82.4	58.9	<b>37.3</b>	<b>32.0</b>
CN_H3_Tr-GCN	87.4	42.2	40.2	27.7	93.6	56.3	39.2	28.8	88.1	67.0	53.6	43.7	81.1	48.3	36.9	26.3
CN_H3_UN_Tr-GCN	85.7	14.8	<b>17.0</b>	<b>7.6</b>	93.6	13.2	<b>15.1</b>	<b>7.4</b>	83.3	26.6	<b>20.6</b>	<b>7.6</b>	83.1	10.2	<b>14.8</b>	<b>5.3</b>
RN_Tr-GCN	12.9	11.3	3.2	1.6	15.7	9.7	5.1	2.5	26.7	24.2	12.5	4.6	12.0	9.8	3.0	1.3
CN+WN_H2_Tr-GCN	85.7	60.9	45.2	33.9	97.1	72.0	<b>46.0</b>	<b>38.9</b>	88.1	68.9	55.3	43.3	82.0	58.9	39.8	32.6
CN+WN_H2_TH_Tr-GCN	87.7	69.9	<b>48.6</b>	<b>39.8</b>	97.1	73.4	43.6	36.5	85.7	69.9	<b>51.1</b>	<b>41.2</b>	83.7	58.6	<b>42.9</b>	<b>32.8</b>
WN_H2_Tr-GCN	87.9	23.0	28.6	13.0	92.9	53.8	<b>38.2</b>	<b>28.1</b>	83.3	45.8	<b>39.7</b>	<b>27.3</b>	69.7	45.8	30.5	18.3
WN_H3_Tr-GCN	89.2	48.4	<b>36.6</b>	<b>23.9</b>	86.4	56.6	37.6	26.6	88.1	44.2	37.3	25.9	65.0	54.5	<b>31.8</b>	<b>21.3</b>
CN_H2_Tr-GCN	86.4	60.6	45.1	34.3	97.1	73.4	<b>46.3</b>	<b>39.5</b>	88.1	69.6	<b>56.2</b>	<b>43.5</b>	82.4	58.9	<b>37.3</b>	<b>32.0</b>
CN_H3_Tr-GCN	87.4	42.2	<b>40.2</b>	<b>27.7</b>	93.6	56.3	39.2	28.8	88.1	67.0	53.6	43.7	80.2	56.8	40.7	29.9
CN+WN_H2_TH_Tr-GCN	87.7	69.9	<b>48.6</b>	<b>39.8</b>	97.1	73.4	<b>43.6</b>	<b>36.5</b>	85.7	69.9	51.1	41.2	83.7	58.6	<b>42.9</b>	<b>32.8</b>
CN+WN_H3_TH_Tr-GCN	87.1	56.3	44.6	31.9	97.1	60.5	41.0	32.5	83.3	68.6	<b>55.9</b>	<b>41.0</b>	80.6	59.2	38.8	30.6
WN_H3_Tr-GCN	87.3	46.4	<b>35.7</b>	23.0	85.5	53.6	35.3	25.2	87.2	44.3	<b>37.4</b>	25.7	65.0	54.5	31.8	21.3
WN_H3_TH_Tr-GCN	89.2	48.4	36.6	<b>23.9</b>	86.4	56.6	<b>37.6</b>	<b>26.6</b>	88.1	44.2	37.3	<b>25.9</b>	68.1	56.0	<b>32.7</b>	<b>23.4</b>
CN_H2_Tr-GCN	86.4	60.6	45.1	34.3	97.1	73.4	<b>46.3</b>	<b>39.5</b>	88.1	69.6	<b>56.2</b>	<b>43.5</b>	82.4	58.9	37.3	32.0
CN_H2_TH_Tr-GCN	85.7	63.7	<b>45.6</b>	<b>34.5</b>	97.1	70.0	43.5	35.6	85.7	70.2	51.6	40.5	82.4	59.4	<b>38.0</b>	<b>32.6</b>

Table 5. Ablation Study. 1st section of the table: comparison for the GNN architecture. 2nd section: comparison for the KG source. 3rd section: comparison for max number of hops. 4th section: comparison for the node inclusion policy. Bold font indicates top performance across ablation category. Blue colour indicates top performance across ablation subcategory. S: Best Accuracy on seen classes. UN: Best accuracy on unseen classes. HM: Best harmonic mean. AUC: Area under curve for the pairs of accuracy for seen and unseen classes. CN: ConceptNet-based model. WN: WordNet-based model. UN: Embeddings corresponding to concepts unrelated to the target classes. RN: Random embeddings. H2(3): Maximum number of hops equal to 2(3). TH: Thresholding policy for the nodes of the KG.

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