Unsupervised Image Captioning - Supplementary Material

Yang Feng[♯]* Lin Ma^{は†} Wei Liu^は Jiebo Luo[♯] [♯]Tencent AI Lab [♯]University of Rochester

{yfeng23,jluo}@cs.rochester.edu forest.linma@gmail.com wl2223@columbia.edu



Figure 1. Word cloud of Shutterstock Image Description Corpus.

1. Word Clouds

Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 illustrate the word clouds generated using the sentences in the Shutterstock Image Description Corpus and the generated captions, respectively. It can be observed that some words appear more frequently than they do in the Shutterstock Image Description Corpus, *e.g.*, "young".

2. Length of the Generated Captions

Fig. 3 shows the distribution of the length of the generated captions. It can be observed that most of the generated captions consist of about eight words.



Figure 2. Word cloud of generated captions on test split.

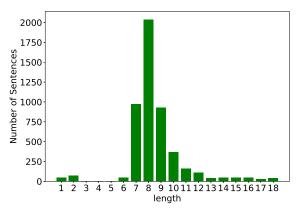


Figure 3. The distribution of the length of generated captions.

^{*}This work was done while Yang Feng was a Research Intern with Tencent AI Lab.

[†]Corresponding author.

3. More Qualitative Results

More qualitative results are illustrated in Fig. 4. The caption generated by "con2sen" only depends on the detected objects in the input image, while the other models generate captions conditioning on the input image feature. For the first image, the sentence generated by "adv" is unrelated to the image because the adversarial objective only enforces the sentence to be genuine. After introducing the other objectives, the generated caption is more closely related to the image. "Ours w/o init" generates "helmet", which does not appear in the image. The caption generated by "Ours" accurately describes the image content.

Fig. 5 illustrates some failure cases. In the first case, only "adv + con" recognizes that it is a "hotel" room. Most of the other models regard it as a "bedroom". The errors in the following two cases are similar. The proposed model fails to recognize the relative position of the objects in the images and generates erroneous captions.

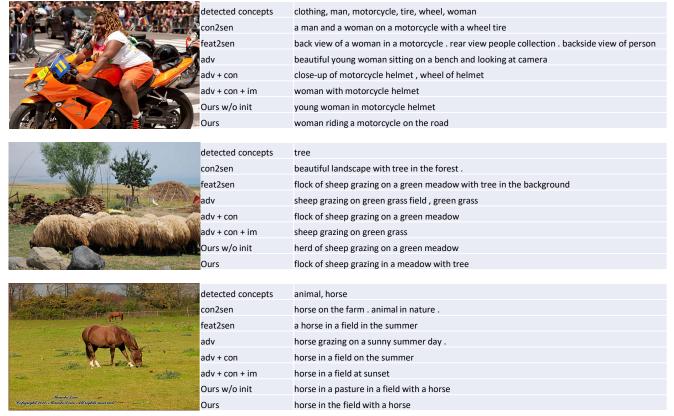


Figure 4. More qualitative results by the unsupervised captioning models trained with different objectives.



Figure 5. The failure cases by the unsupervised captioning models trained with different objectives.