

Supplemental Materials on
POD: Discovering Primary Objects in Videos Based on Evolutionary Refinement
of Object Recurrence, Background, and Primary Object Models

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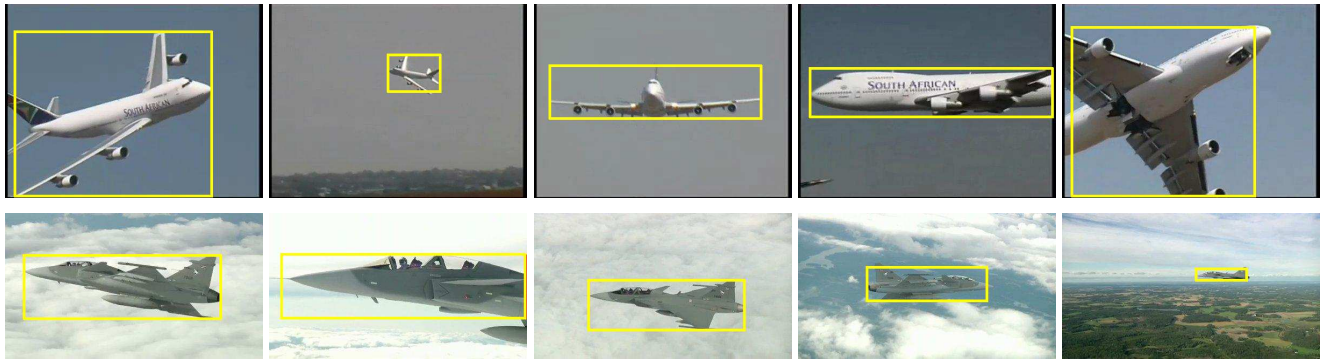
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S-1. Experimental Results on YouTube-Objects Dataset

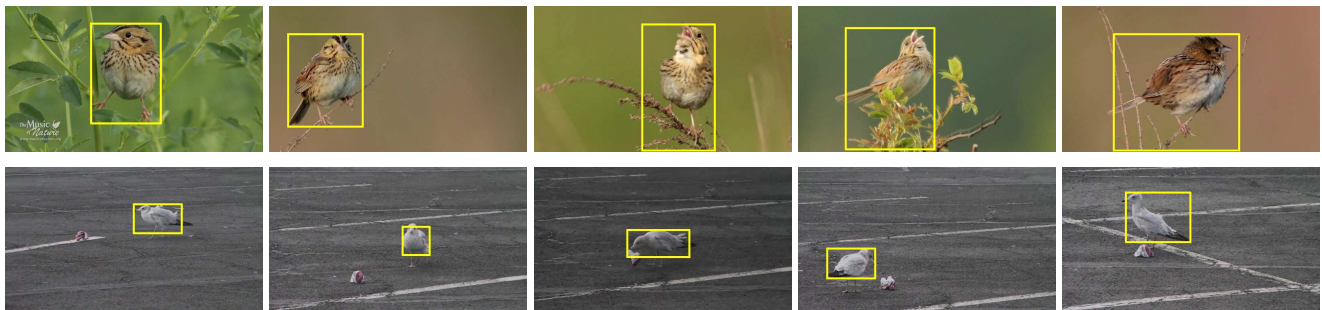
Figures **S-1~S-3** show primary object discovery results of the proposed POD algorithm on the YouTube-Objects dataset.

S-2. More Primary Object Discovery Results on POV dataset

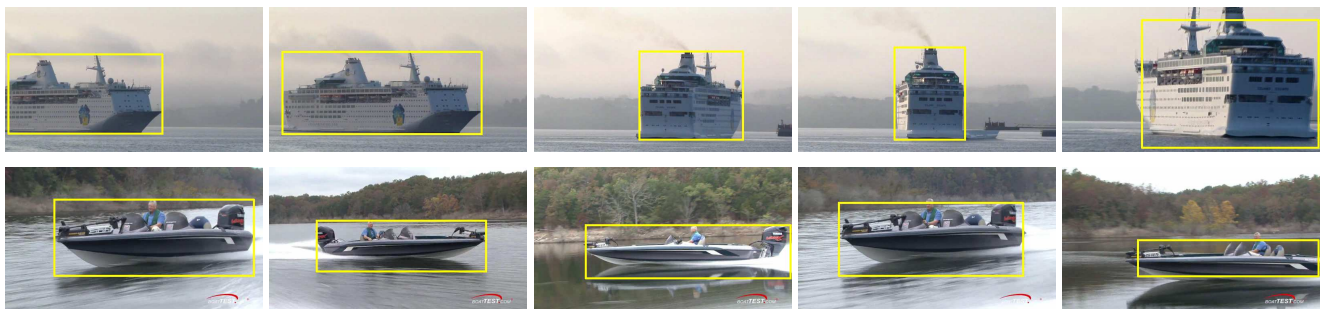
Figures **S-4** compares more primary object discovery results on the POV dataset.



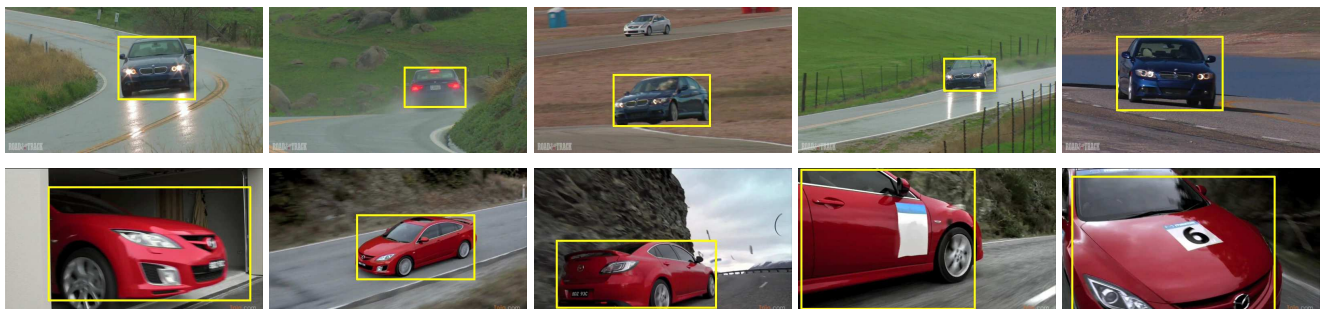
(a) Aeroplane



(b) Bird

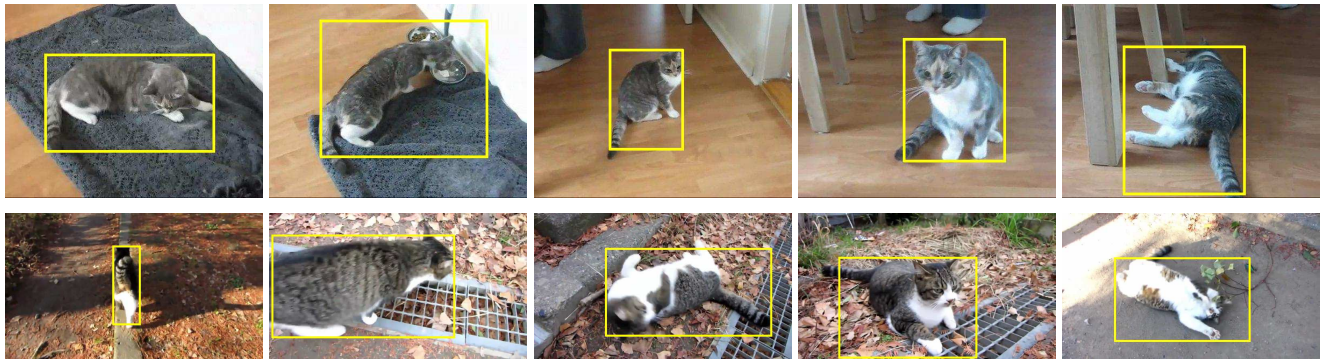


(c) Boat

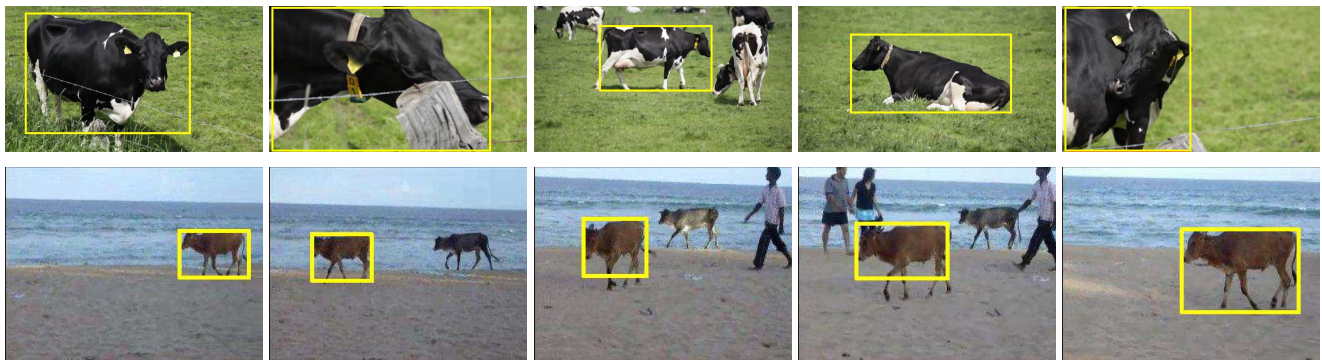


(d) Car

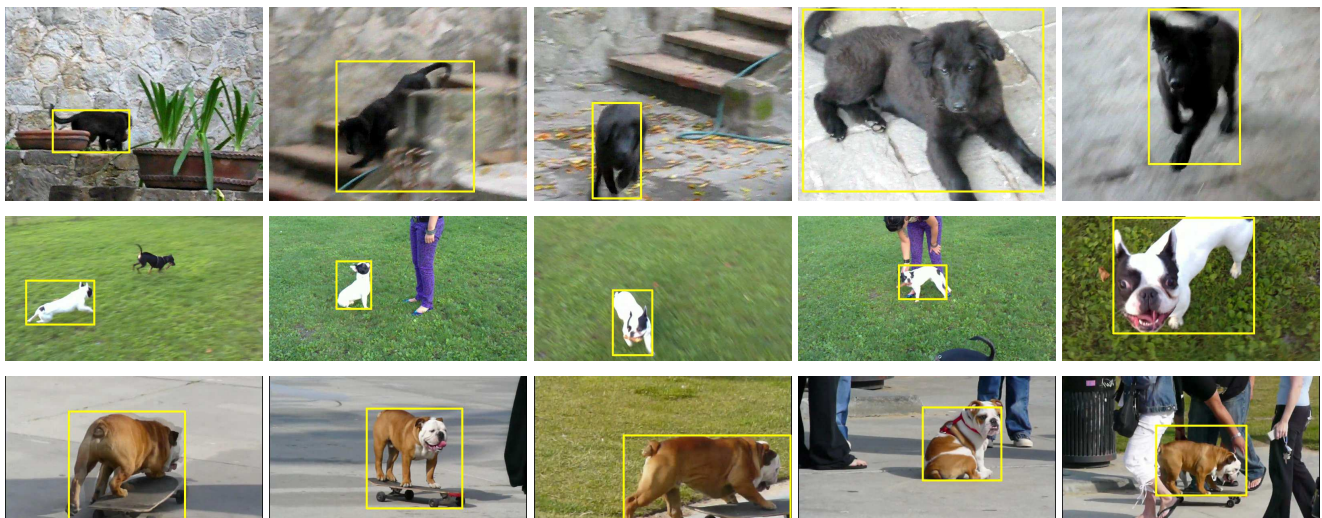
Figure S-1. Primary object discovery results on the YouTube-Objects dataset: (a) “Aeroplane,” (b) “Bird,” (c) “Boat,” and (d) “Car” classes. In each subfigure, different rows show primary object discovery results for different videos.



(a) Cat

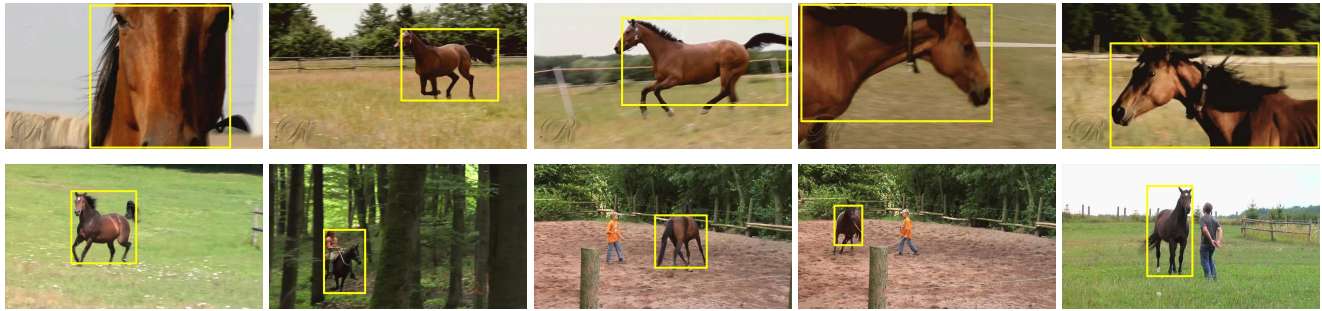


(b) Cow

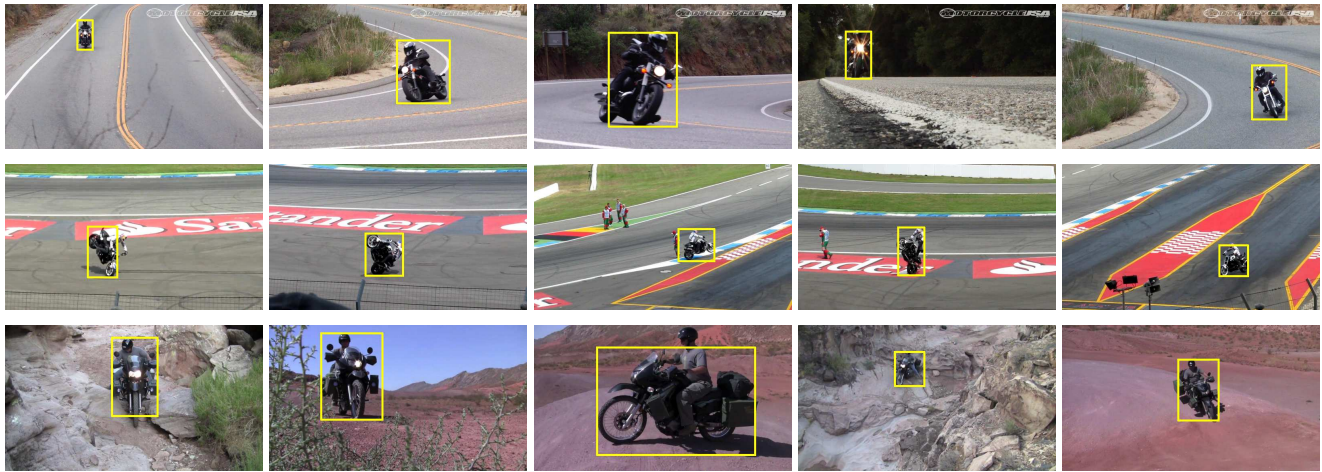


(c) Dog

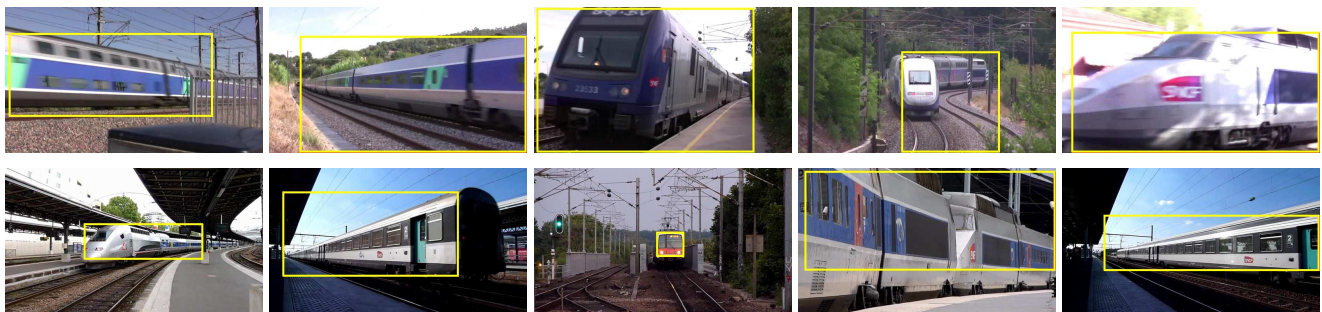
Figure S-2. Primary object discovery results on the YouTube-Objects dataset: (a) “Cat,” (b) “Cow,” and (c) “Dog” classes. In each subfigure, different rows show primary object discovery results for different videos.



(a) Horse



(b) Motorbike



(c) Train

Figure S-3. Primary object discovery results on the YouTube-Objects dataset: (a) “Horse,” (b) “Motorbike,” and (c) “Train” classes. In each subfigure, different rows show primary object discovery results for different videos.



Figure S-4. More primary object discovery results on the POV dataset. Top to bottom: “Baby,” “Helicopter,” “Rabbit,” “Babypanda,” “Yellow Bear,” “Raccoon,” “Polarbear,” “Baby2,” “Frozen,” and “Dooly.”